

SERIES: VHS2-SIP | **DESCRIPTION:** DC-DC CONVERTER

FEATURES

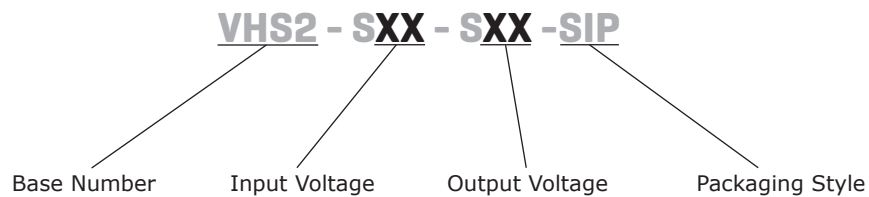
- 2 W isolated output
- industry standard 7 pin SIP package
- single unregulated outputs
- 6,000 V isolation
- short circuit protection
- wide temperature (-40~85°C)
- efficiency up to 84%



MODEL	input voltage		output voltage (Vdc)	output current		output power max (W)	ripple and noise ¹ max (mVp-p)	efficiency typ (%)
	typ (Vdc)	range (Vdc)		min (mA)	max (mA)			
VHS2-S5-S5-SIP	5	4.5~5.5	5	40	400	2	150	80
VHS2-S5-S9-SIP*	5	4.5~5.5	9	23	222	2	150	81
VHS2-S5-S12-SIP	5	4.5~5.5	12	17	167	2	150	84
VHS2-S5-S15-SIP	5	4.5~5.5	15	14	133	2	150	84
VHS2-S12-S5-SIP	12	10.8~13.2	5	40	400	2	150	81
VHS2-S12-S9-SIP	12	10.8~13.2	9	23	222	2	150	82
VHS2-S12-S12-SIP	12	10.8~13.2	12	17	167	2	150	80
VHS2-S12-S15-SIP	12	10.8~13.2	15	14	133	2	150	84

Notes: 1. ripple and noise are measured at 20 MHz BW
*Discontinued

PART NUMBER KEY



INPUT

parameter	conditions/description	min	typ	max	units
operating input voltage	5 V model	4.5	5	5.5	Vdc
	12 V model	10.8	12	13.2	Vdc

OUTPUT

parameter	conditions/description	min	typ	max	units
line regulation	for Vin change of 1%			±1.2	%
load regulation	measured from 10% load to full load			15	%
voltage accuracy	see derating curves				
switching frequency	100% load, input voltage range		250		kHz
temperature coefficient			±0.03		%/°C

PROTECTIONS

parameter	conditions/description	min	typ	max	units
short circuit protection				1	s

SAFETY AND COMPLIANCE

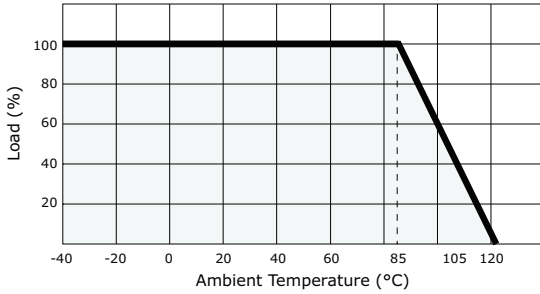
parameter	conditions/description	min	typ	max	units
isolation voltage	for 1 minute at 1 mA max.	6,000			Vdc
isolation resistance	at 500 Vdc	1,000			MΩ
MTBF		3,500,000			hours
RoHS	2011/65/EU				

ENVIRONMENTAL

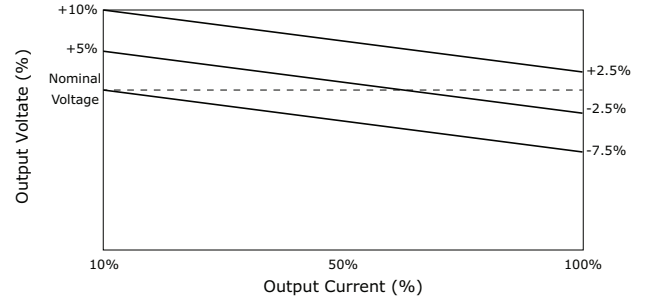
parameter	conditions/description	min	typ	max	units
operating temperature		-40		85	°C
storage temperature		-55		125	°C
storage humidity	non-condensing			95	%
temperature rise	at full load		15	25	°C
lead temperature	1.5 mm from case for 10 seconds			300	°C

DERATING CURVES

1. output power vs. ambient temperature



2. output voltage vs. output current



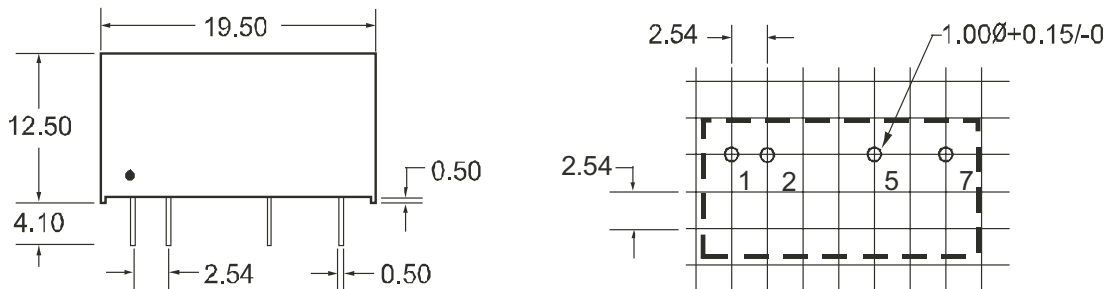
MECHANICAL

parameter	conditions/description	min	typ	max	units
dimensions	0.768 x 0.386 x 0.492 (19.50 x 9.80 x 12.50 mm)				inch
case material	plastic (UL94-V0)				
weight			4.2		g

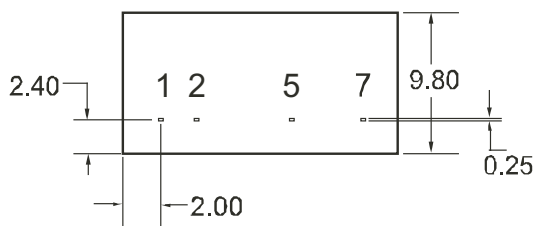
MECHANICAL DRAWING

units: mm
 tolerance: ± 0.25
 pin section tolerance: ± 0.10 mm

Side View



Bottom View



PIN CONNECTIONS	
PIN	FUNCTION
1	+Vin
2	-Vin
5	0V
7	+Vout

APPLICATION NOTES

1. Input filtering

To reduce the reflected ripple current and minimize EMI, especially when the converter input is more than 2" away from the DC source, it is recommended to connect a low ESR electrolytic capacitor between +Vin and -Vin. The values suggested are as shown in Table 1. If additional filtering is required, the capacitance may be increased, or expanded to an LC network as shown in Figure 1.

Table 1

Input Voltage	External Input Capacitance
5 V	4.7 μ F
12 V	2.2 μ F
24 V	1.0 μ F

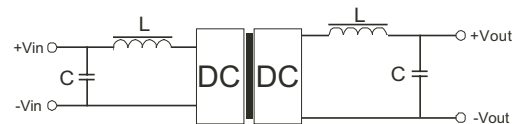


Figure 1

2. Output filtering

An output capacitor is needed to meet output ripple requirements as shown in Table 2. Output capacitance may be increased for additional filtering, but should not exceed 10 μ F or expanded to an LC network as in Figure 1.

Table 2

Output Voltage	External Input Capacitance
5 V	4.7 μ F
9 V	2.2 μ F
12 V	1.0 μ F
15 V	0.47 μ F

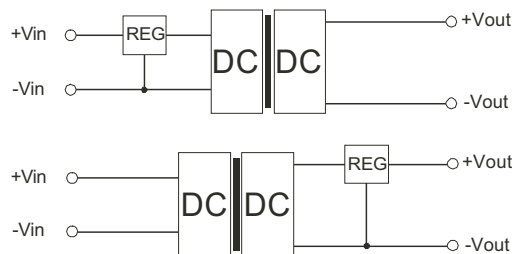


Figure 2

3. Minimum loading

The converter needs a minimum of 10% loading to maintain output regulation. Operation under no-load conditions will not cause immediate damages but may reduce reliability, and cause performance not to meet specifications.

4. Regulation

With a semi-regulated design, the converter's output voltage varies with load current and will change proportionally to the input voltage. If regulated output is needed, an external regulator can be used as shown in Figure 2.

5. Protection

The converter has minimal protection against input over-voltage or output over-load, and may be permanently damaged if exposed to these conditions. An input clamping device can be used for input voltage limiting. An input fuse or an output fuse can also be used to protect against over-loading.

6. Dual outputs used as a single output

The +Vout and -Vout can be used to obtain a single output that is the sum of the two outputs. In this case, the COM pin shouldn't be used.

7. External Regulator

An external 3-terminal regulator can be connected to the output of the converter to achieve full regulation. Make sure the converter's output voltage provides sufficient head room for the regulator. An additional benefit is that the built-in protection features in the regulator, such as OCP, OTP, etc, will protect the converter also. In a complimentary supply, a negative output regulator must be used to achieve the negative regulated output.

REVISION HISTORY

rev.	description	date
1.0	initial release	06/20/2006
1.01	new template applied, V-Infinity branding removed	09/10/2012
1.02	updated spec.	11/08/2012
1.03	discontinued model VHS2-S5-S9-SIP	04/17/2014

The revision history provided is for informational purposes only and is believed to be accurate.



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